## **Article - Criminal Procedure**

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## §11-724.

- (a) A person subject to lifetime sexual offender supervision may not knowingly or willfully violate the conditions of the lifetime sexual offender supervision imposed under § 11–723 of this subtitle.
- (b) A person who violates any conditions imposed under § 11–723 of this subtitle:
- (1) for a first offense, is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or both; and
- (2) for a second or subsequent offense, is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or both.
- (c) Imprisonment for a lifetime sexual offender supervision violation is not subject to diminution credits.
- (d) (1) A violation of subsection (a) of this section does not discharge a person from lifetime sexual offender supervision.
- (2) On release from a sentence imposed under subsection (b) of this section, a person remains on lifetime sexual offender supervision, subject to the original terms of supervision, until discharged under subsection (f) of this section.
  - (e) During the period of lifetime sexual offender supervision, the court may:
- (1) remand the person to a correctional facility or release the person with or without bail pending the hearing or determination of a charge of violation of a condition of lifetime sexual offender supervision; and
- (2) if the court finds that the person committed a violation of a condition of supervision, impose a sentence as prescribed in subsection (b) of this section.
- (f) (1) The sentencing court shall hear and adjudicate a petition for discharge from lifetime sexual offender supervision.

- (2) A person may file a petition for discharge after serving at least 5 years of extended sexual offender supervision.
- (3) If a petition for discharge is denied, a person may not renew the petition for a minimum of 1 year.
  - (4) A petition for discharge shall include:
- (i) a risk assessment of the person conducted by a sexual offender treatment provider within 3 months before the date of the filing of the petition; and
- (ii) a recommendation regarding the discharge of the person from the sexual offender management team.
- (5) (i) The sentencing court may not deny a petition for discharge without a hearing.
- (ii) The court may not discharge a person from lifetime sexual offender supervision unless the court makes a finding on the record that the petitioner is no longer a danger to others.
- (6) (i) The judge who originally imposed the lifetime sexual offender supervision shall hear a petition for discharge.
- (ii) If the judge has been removed from office, has died or resigned, or is otherwise incapacitated, another judge may act in the matter.

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